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The Audio-Visual BatVision Dataset for Research on Sight and Sound

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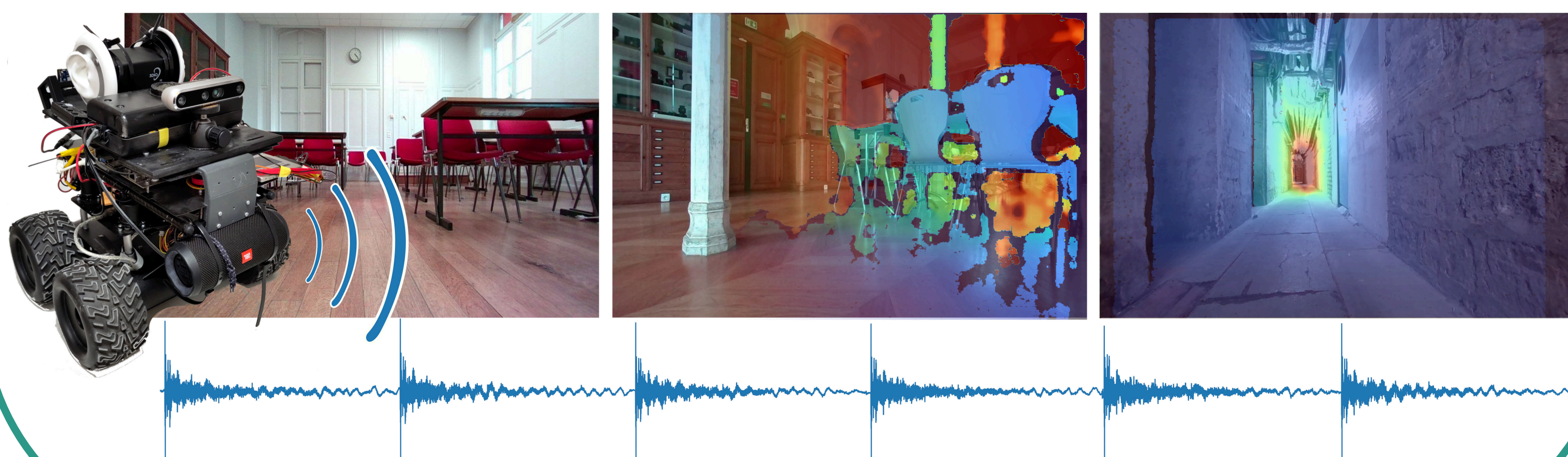


Introduction

- **Sound** is a promising modality able to **complement visual sensors** especially when failing.
- Some species use sound to navigate: **Echolocation**
- No large-scale real-world audio-visual dataset available for **robotic echolocation** and **scene understanding**.

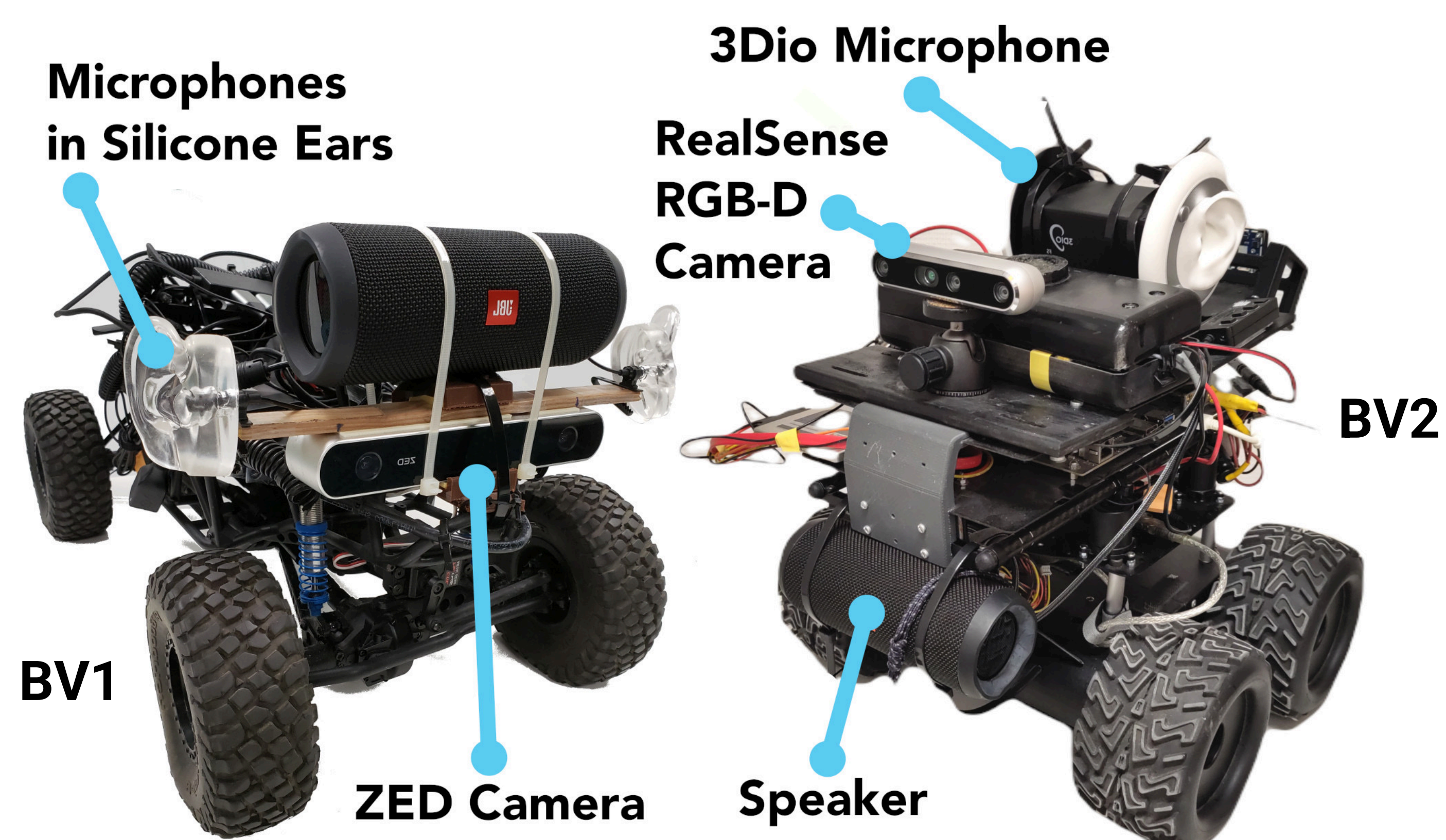
The BatVision Dataset

55K Real-world synchronized echoes and RGB-D images from a robot perspective recorded at UC Berkeley (BV1) and Mines Paris PSL (BV2).



Method

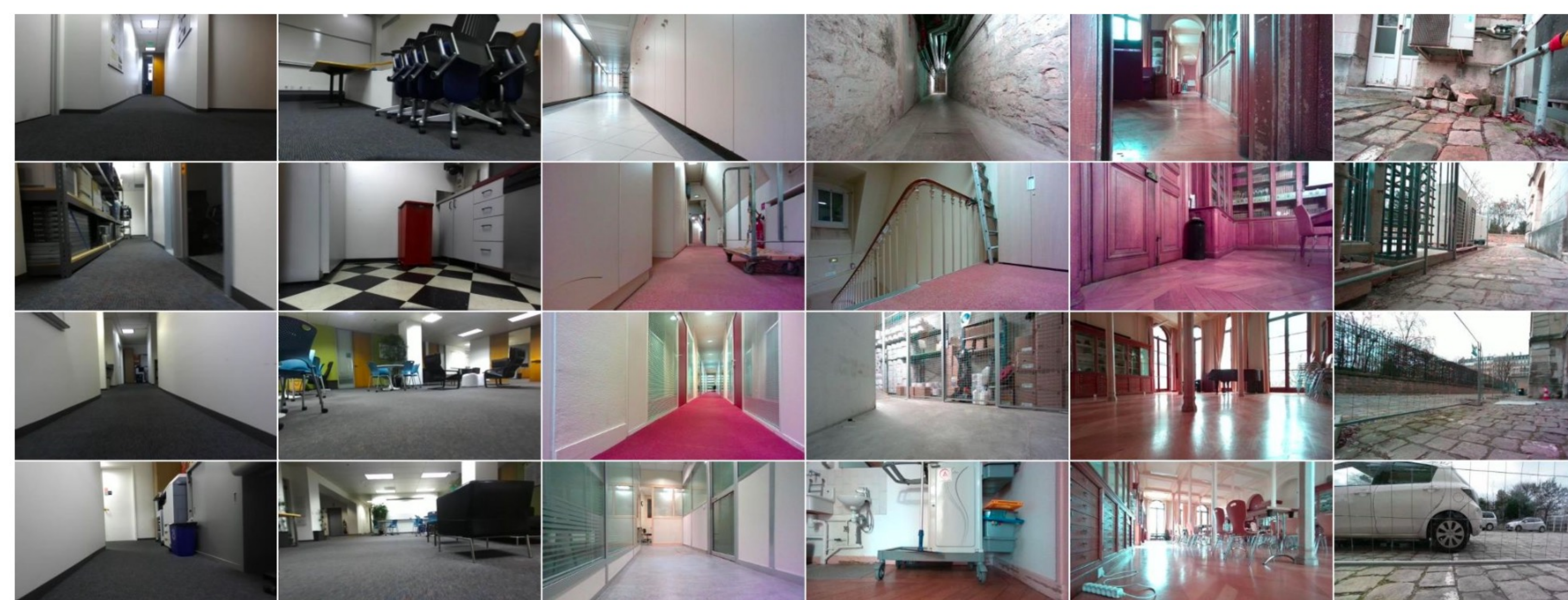
- **Linear frequency sweep signals (chirps)** between 20Hz-20kHz ascending in 0.3ms every 0.5s.
- **Echoes** are recorded with a **binaural microphone**.
- Sound & Vision synchronization is done using **ROS**.



Dataset

UC Berkeley (BV1): 52,220

Mines Paris (BV2): 3,120



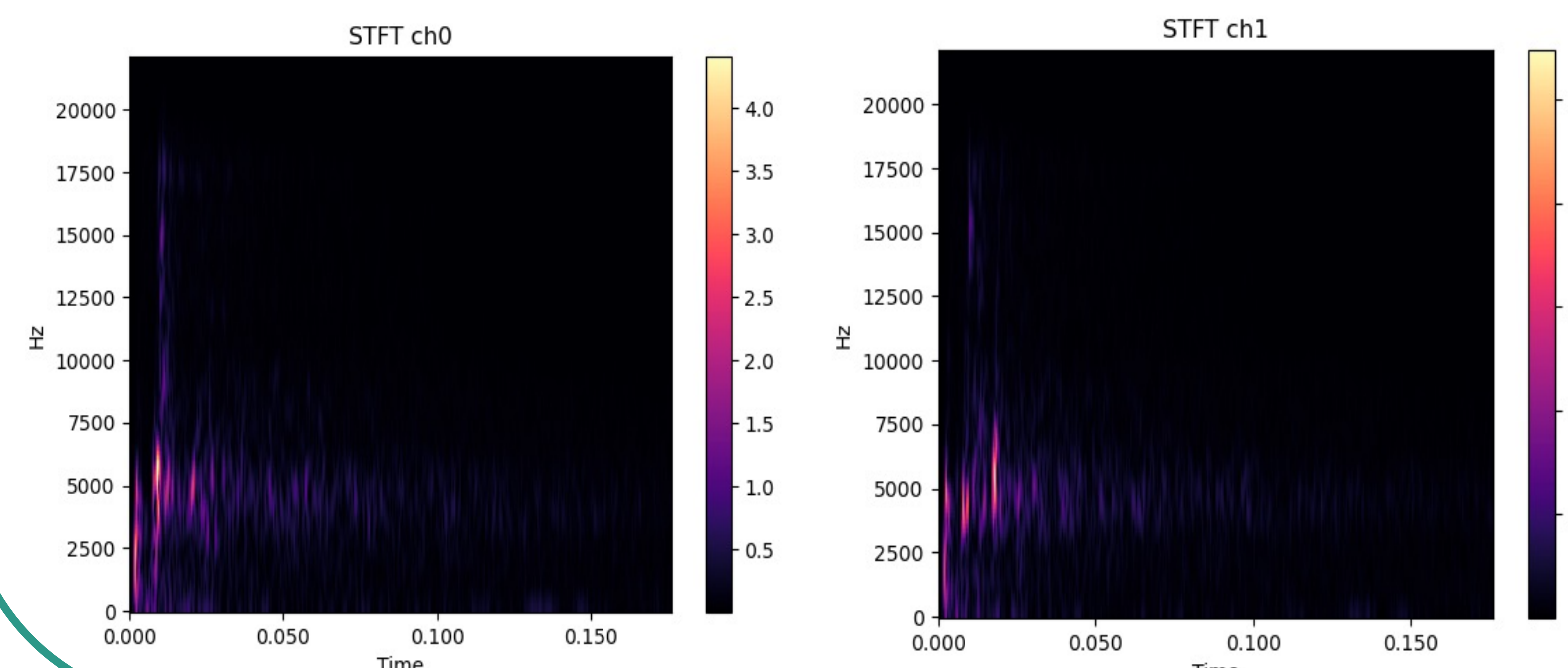
- **Diverse environments:** varied architecture styles, room shapes, materials and objects.
- Mainly **indoor** data but BV2 contains **outdoors**.

Depth Prediction

- **Baseline:** U-Net with audio as the only input
- **Sota method developed in simulation:** BITD³. Successfully trained and tested on BatVision.

Input

- Echoes clipped according to depth (BV2 at 30m, BV1 at 12m) and processed using STFT.
- For BITD, echoes, RGB and a material network are used.

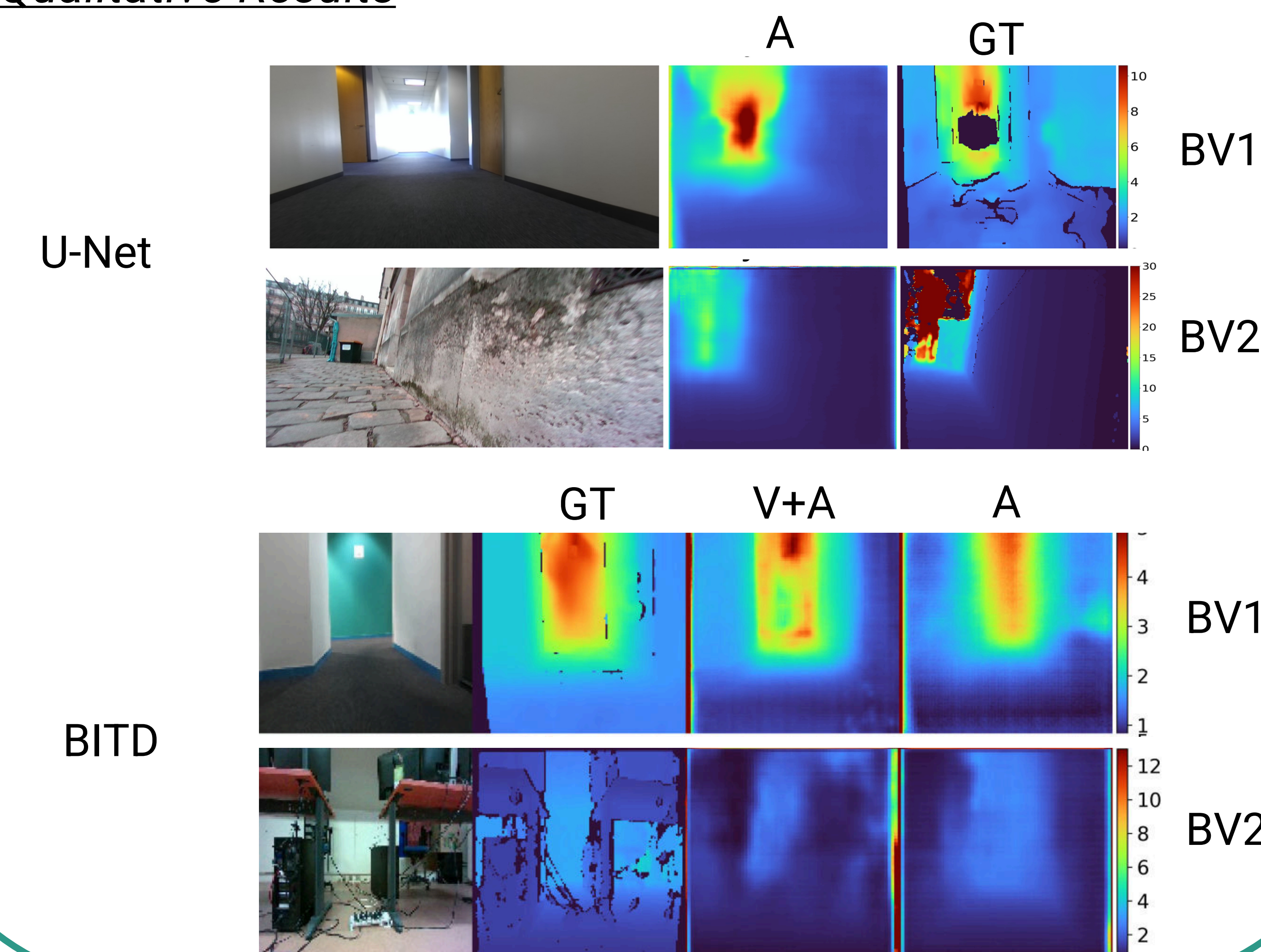


Results

Quantitative Results

	RMSE↓	REL↓	log10↓	$\delta_{1.25} \uparrow$	$\delta_{1.25^2} \uparrow$	$\delta_{1.25^3} \uparrow$
Replica [19]	0.249	0.118	0.046	0.869	0.943	0.970
Matterport3D [19]	0.950	0.175	0.079	0.733	0.886	0.948
BITD						
BV1	0.901	0.234	0.097	0.688	0.888	0.942
BV2	2.286	0.323	0.119	0.647	0.834	0.901
BV1 AO	1.350	0.453	0.159	0.441	0.707	0.843
BV2 AO	2.878	0.521	0.197	0.430	0.629	0.765
U-Net						
U-Net BV1 AO	1.336	0.361	0.147	0.508	0.738	0.856
U-Net BV2 AO	2.676	0.432	0.160	0.497	0.717	0.835

Qualitative Results



Conclusion

- We provide **publicly available large-scale real audio-visual data** to improve task performance and uncover novel uses.
- **Depth prediction** from sound alone or in addition to vision is possible on those real data.
- Data and code available:



³ Kranti Kumar Parida, Siddharth Srivastava, and Gaurav Sharma. "Beyond image to depth: Improving depth prediction using echoes". In: *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*. 2021,